, <b>3</b> , 2	T COURT OF MARYLAND FOR		~	City/County		
Located at	Court Address		Cas	se No		
intiff/Judgment Creditor		Defe	ndant/Judgment Deb	or		
		VS.				
dress		City	State, Zip			
y, State, Zip		XX Soc	X-XX- al Security Number			
	Garnishee		·	File Number		
	Garnishee		•	erve by Sheriff/Co		
			☐ Send by Restricted Delivery Mail			
<del></del>	Address		☐ Serve by Private Process			
	City, State, Zip UEST FOR WRIT OF GARNISH			•		
Notice Regarding Restricted Information in:	ly: If this submission contains Restricted Restricted Information Pursuant to Rule ation box on this form.	e 20-201.1 (1	n (confidential orm MDJ-008			
∆ Judgment wa	as entered in this case on	ay ,	Year	· ·		
THE AMOUNT N	NOW DUE on the judgment is as follow	s:				
	Original amount of judgment (ex	cluding cos	s and attorney	's fees)		
	Less total credits					
	Net Plus pre-judgment interest, on \$_			at	0/ for moriod	
	from		to	, at	% for period	
	from,		10	Month/Day	Year ·	
	Plus court costs due, including the					
	Plus post-judgment interest on \$				•	
	from,,	Year	το	Month/Day	, · Year	
	Plus attorney's fees awarded by t	he court.		,		
	TOTAL DUE ON JUDGMENT					
laintiff requests t	hat a writ of garnishment be directed to	the garnish	ee.			
	Date		Signature of Judgm	ent Creditor or Attorney	CPF ID No.	
Telephone Number				Printed Name		
IX	E-mail	***********	Address			
3.4	L-man					
	WRIT OF CARNIGUMENT C	NE DDADE	City, State, Zip OPERTY OTHER THAN WAGES			
		d. Rule 3-6		THAN WAGE	3	
O THE GARNISH			,			
ossession at the tim rit; including any o	ed to hold, subject to further proceedings or ne of service of this writ and all property of debt owed to the judgment debtor, whether i to the judgment debtor.	the judgmen	debtor that ma	y come into your p	ossession after service of	
With respect to onforms with 31 C. roperty of the judgarnishee's possessi equirements, prohib	o a writ of garnishment of account in a finar F.R. §212.4 and Appendix B to 31 C.F.R. I ment debtor that constitutes a protected amount on following service of the writ if the accountions, and limitations of 31 C.F.R. Part 212 an answer to the court within 30 days of service of the write of the court within 30 days of service of	Part 212 is at punt; 2) not to int contains a 2 (Md. Rule	ached, financia hold property protected amo 3-645.1.)	of the judgment de unt; and 3) to comp	rected: 1) not to hold btor that may come into bly with other applicable	
efendant/debtor. Fa	ailure to do so may result in a judgment by onent by filing a motion asserting a defense of	default being				
	Date		Clerk/Judge	;	ID Number	

## NOTICE TO GARNISHEE

The garnishee shall file an answer within 30 days after service of the writ. The answer shall admit or deny that the garnishee is indebted to the judgment debtor or has possession of property of the judgment debtor and shall specify the amount and nature of any debt and describe any property. The garnishee may assert any defense that the garnishee may have to the garnishment, as well as any defense that the judgment debtor could assert. After answering, the garnishee may pay any garnished indebtedness into court and may deliver to the sheriff any garnished property, which shall be treated as if levied upon by the sheriff. A garnishee who has filed an answer admitting indebtedness to the judgment debtor or possession of property of the judgment debtor is not required to file an amended answer solely because of an increase in the garnishee's indebtedness to the judgment debtor or the garnishee's receipt of additional property of the debtor.

With respect to a writ of garnishment of account in a financial institution, the answer of the institution shall state, if applicable, that a protected amount is in the judgment debtor's account. The answer need not specify the amount. If the answer states that the property it holds consists only of a protected amount, the institution shall include with the Answer a request for a judgment in favor of the institution/garnishee terminating the garnishment (Md. Rule 3-645.1.)

If the garnishee fails to file a timely answer, the judgment creditor may proceed for a judgment by default against the garnishee (Md. Rule 3-509.)

If the garnishee files a timely answer, the matters set forth in the answer shall be treated as established for the purpose of the garnishment proceeding unless the judgment creditor files a reply contesting the answer within 30 days after its filing. If a timely reply is not filed, the court may enter the judgment upon request of the judgment creditor, the judgment debtor, or the garnishee. If a timely reply is filed to the answer of the garnishee, the matter shall proceed as if it were an original action between the judgment creditor as plaintiff and the garnishee as defendant and shall be governed by the rules applicable to civil actions.

## NOTICES TO JUDGMENT DEBTOR GENERAL

As a result of the judgment entered against you, the bank or other person holding your money or property has been ordered by this court to hold your money or property that does not constitute a protected amount, subject to further order of the court. You have the right to contest this garnishment by filing a motion asserting a defense or objection. If there is no further filing within 120 days after the garnishee's answer is filed, after proper notice to both you and the judgment creditor, the garnishee may file a notice of intent to terminate the writ of garnishment (Md. Rule 3-645.)

## **CONCERNING EXEMPTIONS**

You may be entitled to claim an exemption of all or part of your money or property, but in order to do so you must file a motion with the court as soon as possible. If you do not file a motion within 30 days of when the garnishee was served, your property may be turned over to the judgment creditor. You may include in your motion a request for a hearing. If you file a motion under Rule 3-643, claiming an exemption, and request a hearing, a hearing shall be held promptly.

With respect to a Writ of Garnishment of account in a financial institution, some federal benefit payments may be automatically protected from garnishment and will not be held in response to the writ of garnishment. Any claim for exemption for a non-protected amount must be filed with the court no later than 30 days after service of the writ of garnishment on the garnishee (Md. Rule 3-645.1.)

You have the right under the Annotated Code of Maryland to claim an exemption of certain kinds of personal property such as: wearing apparel, books, tools, instruments or appliances in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 in value necessary for the practice of any trade or profession except those kept for sale, lease or barter; money payable in the event of sickness, accident, injury or death of any person including compensation for loss of future earnings (however, disability income benefits are not exempt if the judgment is for necessities contracted for after the disability is incurred); professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or dependent of the debtor; debtor's interest not to exceed \$1,000 in value, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals kept as pets, and other items that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the debtor or any dependent of the debtor. IN ADDITION, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF SERVICE OF THE WRIT OF GARNISHMENT ON THE BANK OR OTHER PERSON HOLDING YOUR MONEY OR PROPERTY, YOU MAY ELECT TO EXEMPT A TOTAL OF \$6,000. (This exemption does not apply to an Attachment Before Judgment.)

You may be entitled to claim an exemption under Maryland law of certain money such as Social Security disability benefits; Supplemental Security Income benefits; annuity payments based on retired or retainer pay from the Armed Forces; Civil Service retirement and disability funds; annuities to widows and surviving dependent children of judges; federal worker's compensation; and federal retirement pensions.

YOU MAY ALSO BE ENTITLED TO PROTECT OTHER MONEY OR PROPERTY NOT MENTIONED ABOVE.

TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS FULLY, IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU ACT PROMPTLY. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER.